# FRUITS + VEGETABLES

# REDY'S RULES

# Try it!

- Try fruits and veggies different ways and try at least a couple of bites each time. It can take 7 to 10 tries before you like a new food, so be open to trying again and again. It may become your new favorite!
- Many fruits and veggies taste great with a dip or dressing. Try salad dressing, yogurt, nut butter, or hummus.
- · Make a fruit smoothie with yogurt.

### Mix it!

- Add veggies to foods you already make, like pasta, soups, casseroles, pizza, rice, etc.
- Add fruit to your cereal, pancakes, or other breakfast foods.

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## Slice it!

- Keep washed and chopped veggies and fruits in the fridge so they are ready to grab and eat.
- Most people prefer crunchy foods over mushy ones. Enjoy vegetables fresh or lightly steamed, and avoid overcooking.

### Did you know?

A diet rich in fruits and vegetables provides vitamins, minerals, and phytonutrients, important for supporting growth and development, and for optimal immune function.

### What is a serving?

Kids

 Size of the palm of their hand

### Adults

- A whole fruit the size of a tennis ball
- 1/2 cup of chopped fruit or veggies
- I cup of raw, leafy greens
- 1/4 cup of dried fruits





# LIMIT RECREATIONAL SCREEN TIME HOURS OR LESS EVERY DAY

Keep TV/Computer out of bedroom. No screen time under the age of 2.

# Life is a lot more fun when you join in!

### Try These Activities Instead of Watching TV.

- Ride a bike.
- · Go on a nature hike.
- Put together a puzzle.
- Turn on music and dance.
- Read a book or magazine.
- Spend time catching up with your family.
- Take your kids to the park or beach.
- · Play board games.
- Walk, run, or jog.

- Start a journal.
- Play ball (basketball, catch, soccer, etc.).
- Go to the library.
- Explore free activities in your community.
- · Rollerblade.
- Play charades.
- Go play in the snow (e.g. sled, ski, snowshoe, build a snowman or fort).

### Did you know?

- Screen time includes time spent on TVs, computers, gaming consoles/handhelds, tablets, and smartphones. It's important to limit the use of ALL screens.
- Watching TV is associated with more snacking and increased obesity.
- Too much TV has been linked to lower reading scores and attention problems.

# Tame the TV and Computer! Set Limits and Provide Alternatives.

- Set some basic rules, such as no TV or computer before homework or chores are done.
- Do not watch TV during mealtime.
- Use a timer. When the bell rings, it's time to turn off the TV.
- Eliminate TV time during the week.
- Set family guidelines for age-appropriate shows.
- Make a list of fun activities to do instead of being in front of a screen.
- Keep books, magazines, and board games in the family room.

### **Healthy Screen Time Means:**

- No TV/computer in the room where the child sleeps.
- No TV/computer under the age of 2.
- One hour of educational TV/computer time between ages 2 and 5.
- After the age of 5, two hours or less per day.





# GET AT LEAST HOUR OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY EVERY DAY

# Move an hour every day!

### Physical Activity Can Be Free and Fun!

- Take a walk with your family
- Play with your pet
- Play tag
- Take a bike ride (remember to wear your helmet)
- Turn on music and dance
- Jump rope
- Play Frisbee
- Take the stairs
- Park the car at the end of the parking lot
- Make snow angels

### Make Physical Activity Easier.

- Make gradual changes to increase your level of physical activity.
- Track the level of your physical activity using a pedometer, fitness band, or online tracker.
- Choose toys and games that promote physical activity (e.g. balls, hula hoops, jump ropes, scarves).
- Do physical activities together with friends or family.
- Turn off the TV and computer and keep them out of the bedroom.
- Limit recreational screen time (e.g. TVs, computers, video games, etc.).
- Encourage lifelong physical activity by incorporating it into your routine.
- Keep physical activity fun! You'll be more likely to do it.



### Did you know?

One hour of moderate physical activity means:

 Doing activities where you breathe hard, like fast walking, hiking, or dancing.

20 minutes of vigorous physical activity means:

 Doing activities where you sweat, like running, aerobics, or basketball.

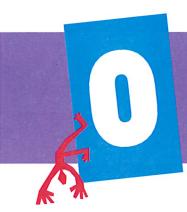
Physical activity...

- Makes you feel good.
- Makes your heart happy.
- Makes you stronger.
- Makes you flexible.

### Be a Role Model.

 Schedule active family play time daily.





# SUGARY DRINKS...

## **DRINK WATER!**

# Put limits on juice!

- Juice products labeled "-ade," "drink," or "punch" often contain 5% juice or less. Sometimes, the only difference between these "juices" and soda is that they have added Vitamin C.
- Always try to choose whole fruits over juice.
- Suggest a glass of water or milk instead of juice.
- If you choose to serve juice:
  - Buy 100% juice.
  - Each day, juice should be limited to:
    - o 4-6 ounces for children 1-6 years old.
    - 。 8-12 ounces for children 7-18 years old.
    - No juice for children 6 months and under.

### Did you know?

Soda has no nutritional value and is high in sugar. Just 9 ounces of soda has up to 150 empty calories. Many sodas also contain caffeine, which kids don't need.





### Keep It Handy, Keep It Cold:

- Keep bottled water or a water bottle on hand.
- Fill a pitcher of water and keep it in the fridge.

### Liven It Up, Make It Fruity:

- Add fresh lemon, lime, or orange wedges to water for some natural flavor.
- Try mixing seltzer with a splash of juice.

### Be a Role Model:

- Drink water when you're thirsty.
- Replace soda with water, instead of other sugarsweetened beverages, such as juice or sports drinks.

### Water is fuel for your body:

- Between 70-80% of our body is made up of water.
- When you exercise, you sweat, and when you sweat, you LOSE water— it is important to replace the water you lose when you sweat.
- Water is the #1 thirst quencher!

